

$\Upsilon(2S)$ $I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^-(1^{--})$ **$\Upsilon(2S)$ MASS**

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
1023.26 ± 0.31 OUR AVERAGE			
10023.5 ± 0.5	1 ARTAMONOV 00	MD1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
10023.1 ± 0.4	BARBER 84	REDE	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
10023.6 ± 0.5	2,3 BARU	86B	REDE $e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
¹ Reanalysis of BARU 86B using new electron mass (COHEN 87).			
² Reanalysis of ARTAMONOV 84.			
³ Superseded by ARTAMONOV 00.			

 $m\Upsilon(3S) - m\Upsilon(2S)$

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$331.50 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.13$	LEES	11C	BABR $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X$

 $\Upsilon(2S)$ WIDTH

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID
31.98 ± 2.63 OUR EVALUATION	See the Note on "Width Determinations of the Υ States"

 $\Upsilon(2S)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)	Scale factor/ Confidence level
$\Gamma_1 \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	(17.85 ± 0.26) %	
$\Gamma_2 \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0$	(8.6 ± 0.4) %	
$\Gamma_3 \tau^+\tau^-$	(2.00 ± 0.21) %	
$\Gamma_4 \mu^+\mu^-$	(1.93 ± 0.17) %	S=2.2
$\Gamma_5 e^+e^-$	(1.91 ± 0.16) %	
$\Gamma_6 \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0$	< 4 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_7 \Upsilon(1S)\eta$	(2.9 ± 0.4) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=2.0
$\Gamma_8 J/\psi(1S)$ anything	< 6 $\times 10^{-3}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_9 J/\psi(1S)\eta_c$	< 5.4 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{10} J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c0}$	< 3.4 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{11} J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c1}$	< 1.2 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{12} J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c2}$	< 2.0 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{13} J/\psi(1S)\eta_c(2S)$	< 2.5 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{14} J/\psi(1S)X(3940)$	< 2.0 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{15} J/\psi(1S)X(4160)$	< 2.0 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{16} \chi_{c1}$ anything	(2.2 ± 0.5) $\times 10^{-4}$	

Γ_{17}	$\chi_{c1}(1P)^0 X_{tetra}$	$< 3.67 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{18}	χ_{c2} anything	$(2.3 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-4}$	
Γ_{19}	$\psi(2S)\eta_c$	$< 5.1 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{20}	$\psi(2S)\chi_{c0}$	$< 4.7 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{21}	$\psi(2S)\chi_{c1}$	$< 2.5 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{22}	$\psi(2S)\chi_{c2}$	$< 1.9 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{23}	$\psi(2S)\eta_c(2S)$	$< 3.3 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{24}	$\psi(2S)X(3940)$	$< 3.9 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{25}	$\psi(2S)X(4160)$	$< 3.9 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{26}	$\overline{^2H}$ anything	$(2.78^{+0.30}_{-0.26}) \times 10^{-5}$	S=1.2
Γ_{27}	hadrons	$(94 \pm 11) \%$	
Γ_{28}	ggg	$(58.8 \pm 1.2) \%$	
Γ_{29}	γgg	$(1.87 \pm 0.28) \%$	
Γ_{30}	$\phi K^+ K^-$	$(1.6 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{31}	$\omega\pi^+\pi^-$	$< 2.58 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{32}	$K^*(892)^0 K^- \pi^+ + \text{c.c.}$	$(2.3 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{33}	$\phi f'_2(1525)$	$< 1.33 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{34}	$\omega f_2(1270)$	$< 5.7 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{35}	$\rho(770)a_2(1320)$	$< 8.8 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{36}	$K^*(892)^0 \overline{K}_2^*(1430)^0 + \text{c.c.}$	$(1.5 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{37}	$K_1(1270)^\pm K^\mp$	$< 3.22 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{38}	$K_1(1400)^\pm K^\mp$	$< 8.3 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{39}	$b_1(1235)^\pm \pi^\mp$	$< 4.0 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{40}	$\rho\pi$	$< 1.16 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{41}	$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0$	$< 8.0 \times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{42}	$\omega\pi^0$	$< 1.63 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{43}	$\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$	$(1.30 \pm 0.28) \times 10^{-5}$	
Γ_{44}	$K_S^0 K^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.}$	$(1.14 \pm 0.33) \times 10^{-6}$	
Γ_{45}	$K^*(892)^0 \overline{K}^0 + \text{c.c.}$	$< 4.22 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{46}	$K^*(892)^- K^+ + \text{c.c.}$	$< 1.45 \times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{47}	$f_1(1285)$ anything	$(2.2 \pm 1.6) \times 10^{-3}$	
Γ_{48}	$f_1(1285)X_{tetra}$	$< 6.47 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{49}	Sum of 100 exclusive modes	$(2.90 \pm 0.30) \times 10^{-3}$	

Radiative decays

Γ_{50}	$\gamma \chi_{b1}(1P)$	$(6.9 \pm 0.4) \%$	
Γ_{51}	$\gamma \chi_{b2}(1P)$	$(7.15 \pm 0.35) \%$	
Γ_{52}	$\gamma \chi_{b0}(1P)$	$(3.8 \pm 0.4) \%$	
Γ_{53}	$\gamma f_0(1710)$	$< 5.9 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{54}	$\gamma f'_2(1525)$	$< 5.3 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{55}	$\gamma f_2(1270)$	$< 2.41 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
Γ_{56}	$\gamma f_J(2220)$		
Γ_{57}	$\gamma \eta_c(1S)$	$< 2.7 \times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{58}	$\gamma \chi_{c0}$	$< 1.0 \times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%

Γ_{59}	$\gamma\chi_{c1}$	< 3.6	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{60}	$\gamma\chi_{c2}$	< 1.5	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{61}	$\gamma\chi_{c1}(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- J/\psi$	< 8	$\times 10^{-7}$	CL=90%
Γ_{62}	$\gamma\chi_{c1}(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0 J/\psi$	< 2.4	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{63}	$\gamma X(3915) \rightarrow \omega J/\psi$	< 2.8	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{64}	$\gamma\chi_{c1}(4140) \rightarrow \phi J/\psi$	< 1.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{65}	$\gamma X(4350) \rightarrow \phi J/\psi$	< 1.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{66}	$\gamma\eta_b(1S)$	(3.9 \pm 1.5) $\times 10^{-4}$		
Γ_{67}	$\gamma\eta_b(1S) \rightarrow \gamma$ Sum of 26 exclusive modes	< 3.7	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{68}	$\gamma X_{b\bar{b}} \rightarrow \gamma$ Sum of 26 exclusive modes	< 4.9	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{69}	$\gamma X \rightarrow \gamma + \geq 4$ prongs	[a] < 1.95	$\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
Γ_{70}	$\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma$ hadrons	< 8	$\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
Γ_{71}	$\gamma a_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\mu^+\mu^-$	< 8.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%

Lepton Family number (*LF*) violating modes

Γ_{72}	$e^\pm\tau^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
Γ_{73}	$\mu^\pm\tau^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.3	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%

[a] $1.5 \text{ GeV} < m_X < 5.0 \text{ GeV}$

CONSTRAINED FIT INFORMATION

An overall fit to 3 branching ratios uses 13 measurements and one constraint to determine 3 parameters. The overall fit has a $\chi^2 = 11.8$ for 11 degrees of freedom.

The following *off-diagonal* array elements are the correlation coefficients $\langle \delta x_i \delta x_j \rangle / (\delta x_i \cdot \delta x_j)$, in percent, from the fit to the branching fractions, $x_i \equiv \Gamma_i / \Gamma_{\text{total}}$. The fit constrains the x_i whose labels appear in this array to sum to one.

$$\begin{array}{c|cc} x_7 & & 2 \\ \hline & x_1 & \end{array}$$

$\Upsilon(2S) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma(\text{total})$

$\Gamma(\mu^+\mu^-) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_4\Gamma_5/\Gamma$		
VALUE (eV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
6.5±1.5±1.0	KOBEL	92	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_1\Gamma_5/\Gamma$			
VALUE (eV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
105.4±1.0±4.2	11.8K	¹ AUBERT	08BP BABR	$10.58 e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$

¹ Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$.

$\Gamma(\text{hadrons}) \times \Gamma(e^+ e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					$\Gamma_{27}\Gamma_5/\Gamma$
VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	
0.577 ± 0.009 OUR AVERAGE					
0.581 $\pm 0.004 \pm 0.009$	¹ ROSNER	06	CLEO	$10.0 e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	
0.552 $\pm 0.031 \pm 0.017$	¹ BARU	96	MD1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	
0.54 $\pm 0.04 \pm 0.02$	¹ JAKUBOWSKI	88	CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	
0.58 $\pm 0.03 \pm 0.04$	² GILES	84B	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	
0.60 $\pm 0.12 \pm 0.07$	² ALBRECHT	82	DASP	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	
0.54 $\pm 0.07 \pm 0.09$	² NICZYPORUK	81C	LENA	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	
0.41 ± 0.18	² BOCK	80	CNTR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	

¹ Radiative corrections evaluated following KURAEV 85.
² Radiative corrections reevaluated by BUCHMUELLER 88 following KURAEV 85.

$\Gamma(2S)$ PARTIAL WIDTHS

$\Gamma(e^+ e^-)$					Γ_5
VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	COMMENT	
0.612 ± 0.011 OUR EVALUATION					

$\Gamma(2S)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(\Gamma(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_1/Γ
VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
17.85 ± 0.26 OUR FIT					
17.92 ± 0.26 OUR AVERAGE					
16.8 $\pm 1.1 \pm 1.3$	906k	¹ LEES	11C	BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X$
17.80 $\pm 0.05 \pm 0.37$	170k	² LEES	11L	BABR	$\Gamma(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \mu^+ \mu^-$
18.02 $\pm 0.02 \pm 0.61$	851k	³ BHARI	09	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \text{MM}$
17.22 $\pm 0.17 \pm 0.75$	11.8K	⁴ AUBERT	08BP	BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
19.2 $\pm 0.2 \pm 1.0$	52.6k	⁵ ALEXANDER	98	CLE2	$\pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-, \pi^+ \pi^- \text{MM}$
18.1 $\pm 0.5 \pm 1.0$	11.6k	ALBRECHT	87	ARG	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \text{MM}$
16.9 ± 4.0		GELPHMAN	85	CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^+ e^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
19.1 $\pm 1.2 \pm 0.6$		BESSON	84	CLEO	$\pi^+ \pi^- \text{MM}$
18.9 ± 2.6		FONSECA	84	CUSB	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \pi^+ \pi^-$
21 ± 7	7	NICZYPORUK	81B	LENA	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

¹ LEES 11C reports $[\Gamma(\Gamma(2S) \rightarrow \Gamma(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \Gamma(2S)\text{anything})] = (1.78 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-2}$ which we divide by our best value $B(\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \Gamma(2S)\text{anything}) = (10.6 \pm 0.8) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

² Using $B(\Gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$.

³ A weighted average of the inclusive and exclusive results.

⁴ Using $B(\Gamma(2S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (1.91 \pm 0.16)\%$, $B(\Gamma(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$ and, $\Gamma_{ee}(\Gamma(2S)) = 0.612 \pm 0.011$ keV.

⁵ Using $B(\Gamma(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.52 \pm 0.17)\%$ and $B(\Gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.07)\%$.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				Γ_2/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
8.6 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE				
8.43 ± 0.16 ± 0.42	38k	¹ BHARI 09	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
9.2 ± 0.6 ± 0.8	275	² ALEXANDER 98	CLE2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
9.5 ± 1.9 ± 1.9	25	ALBRECHT 87	ARG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
8.0 ± 1.5		GELPHMAN 85	CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
10.3 ± 2.3		FONSECA 84	CUSB	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$

¹ Authors assume $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 4.96\%$.

² Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (2.52 \pm 0.17)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.07)\%$.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$				Γ_2/Γ_1
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.462 ± 0.037	¹ BHARI 09	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S)$	

¹ Not independent of other values reported by BHARI 09.

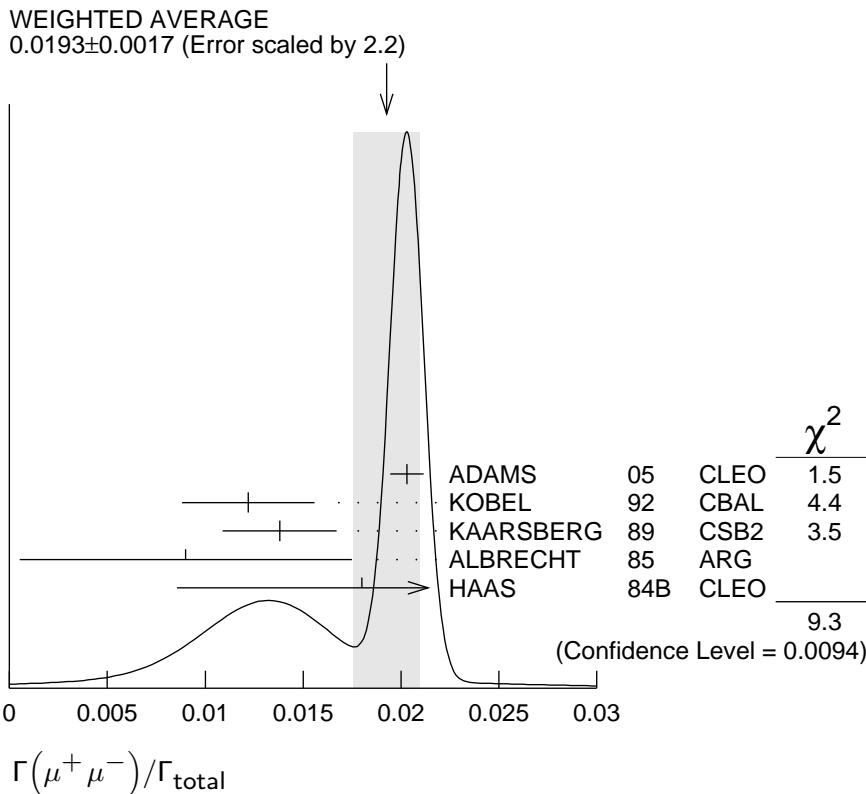
$\Gamma(\tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$				Γ_3/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-2})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.00 ± 0.21 OUR AVERAGE				
2.00 ± 0.12 ± 0.18	22k	¹ BESSON 07	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$
1.7 ± 1.5 ± 0.6		HAAS 84B	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$

¹ BESSON 07 reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)] = 1.04 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.05$ which we multiply by our best value $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
0.0193 ± 0.0017 OUR AVERAGE					Error includes scale factor of 2.2. See the ideogram below.
0.0203 ± 0.0003 ± 0.0008		120k	ADAMS 05	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
0.0122 ± 0.0028 ± 0.0019		¹ KOBEL 92	CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	
0.0138 ± 0.0025 ± 0.0015		KAARSBERG 89	CSB2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	
0.009 ± 0.006 ± 0.006		² ALBRECHT 85	ARG	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	
0.018 ± 0.008 ± 0.005		HAAS 84B	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<0.038	90	NICZYPORUK 81C	LENA	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$	

¹ Taking into account interference between the resonance and continuum.

² Re-evaluated using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 0.026$.



$\Gamma(\tau^+ \tau^-)/\Gamma(\mu^+ \mu^-)$	Γ_3/Γ_4
<u>VALUE</u> 1.04±0.04±0.05	<u>EVTS</u> 22k <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> BESSON <u>TECN</u> CLEO <u>COMMENT</u> $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma(2S)$

$\Gamma(\gamma(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	Γ_6/Γ
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-5})</u> ●●● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ●●●	<u>CL%</u> <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> <u>TECN</u> <u>COMMENT</u>

●●● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ●●●

< 4	90	¹ TAMPONI	13	BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma(1S)\pi^0$
< 18	90	² HE	08A	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$
<110	90	ALEXANDER	98	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$
<800	90	LURZ	87	CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$

¹ TAMPONI 13 reports $[\Gamma(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [\mathcal{B}(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)]$

< 2.3×10^{-4} which we multiply by our best value $\mathcal{B}(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma(1S)\pi^+\pi^-) = 17.85 \times 10^{-2}$.

² Authors assume $\mathcal{B}(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + \mathcal{B}(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.96\%$.

$\Gamma(\gamma(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma(\gamma(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$	Γ_6/Γ_1
<u>VALUE (units 10^{-4})</u> <2.3	<u>CL%</u> 90 <u>DOCUMENT ID</u> TAMPONI <u>TECN</u> BELL <u>COMMENT</u> $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma(1S)\pi^0$

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_7/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-4})	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
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2.9 ± 0.4 OUR FIT Error includes scale factor of 2.0.**2.9 ± 0.4 OUR AVERAGE** Error includes scale factor of 1.9. See the ideogram below.

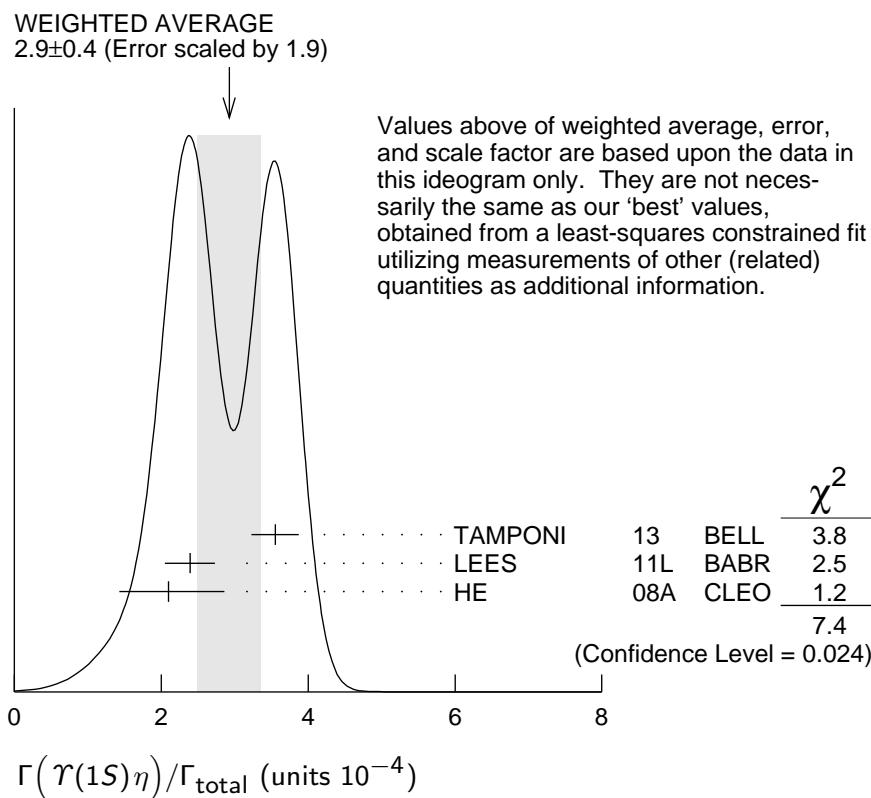
$2.39 \pm 0.31 \pm 0.14$	112	¹ LEES	11L	BABR	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \eta$
$2.1 \begin{array}{l} +0.7 \\ -0.6 \end{array} \pm 0.3$	14	² HE	08A	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \eta$

• • • We use the following data for averages but not for fits. • • •

$3.55 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.05$	241	³ TAMPONI	13	BELL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\eta$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 9	90	^{1,4} AUBERT	08BP	BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$
< 28	90	ALEXANDER98	CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- \eta$	
< 50	90	ALBRECHT	87	ARG	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^- \text{MM}$
< 70	90	LURZ	87	CBAL	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- (\gamma\gamma, 3\pi^0)$
< 100	90	BESSON	84	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^- \text{MM}$
< 20	90	FONSECA	84	CUSB	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- (\gamma\gamma, \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)$

¹ Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$.² Authors assume $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.96\%$.³ TAMPONI 13 reports $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+ \pi^-)] = (1.99 \pm 0.14 \pm 0.11) \times 10^{-3}$ which we multiply by our best value $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+ \pi^-) = (17.85 \pm 0.26) \times 10^{-2}$. Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.⁴ Using $\Gamma_{ee}(\Upsilon(2S)) = 0.612 \pm 0.011$ keV.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$ Γ_7/Γ_1

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.64±0.25 OUR FIT					Error includes scale factor of 2.0.
1.99±0.14±0.11	241	TAMPONI 13	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\eta$	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
1.35±0.17±0.08	1	LEES 11L	BABR	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-)(\gamma\gamma)\mu^+\mu^-$	
< 5.2	90	2 AUBERT 08BP	BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-(\pi^0)\ell^+\ell^-$	

¹ Not independent of other values reported by LEES 11L.² Not independent of other values reported by AUBERT 08BP. $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\eta)$ Γ_6/Γ_7

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<0.13	90	TAMPONI 13	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0$

 $\Gamma(J/\psi(1S) \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_8/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
MASCHMANN 90	CBAL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

 $\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\eta_c)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_9/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$

 $\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c0})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{10}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$

 $\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c1})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{11}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$

 $\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\chi_{c2})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{12}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$

 $\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)\eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{13}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$

 $\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)X(3940))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{14}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$

 $\Gamma(J/\psi(1S)X(4160))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{15}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG 14	BELL	$e^+e^- \rightarrow J/\psi X$

$\Gamma(\chi_{c1} \text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-4})	<u>EVTS</u>
$2.24 \pm 0.44 \pm 0.20$	376

 Γ_{16}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
JIA	17	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma J/\psi(1S)$

 $\Gamma(\chi_{c1}(1P)^0 X_{\text{tetra}})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>
$<36.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90

 Γ_{17}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1 JIA	17A	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

¹ For a tetraquark state X_{tetra} , with mass in the range 1.16–2.46 GeV and width in the range 0–0.3 GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of X_{tetra} mass and width range from 4.4×10^{-6} to 36.7×10^{-6} .

 $\Gamma(\chi_{c2} \text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-4})	<u>CL%</u>
$2.28 \pm 0.73 \pm 0.34$	

 Γ_{18}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
JIA	17	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma J/\psi(1S)$

 $\Gamma(\psi(2S)\eta_c)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>
$<5.1 \times 10^{-6}$	90

 Γ_{19}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG	14	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$

 $\Gamma(\psi(2S)\chi_{c0})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>
$<4.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90

 Γ_{20}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG	14	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$

 $\Gamma(\psi(2S)\chi_{c1})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>
$<2.5 \times 10^{-6}$	90

 Γ_{21}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG	14	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$

 $\Gamma(\psi(2S)\chi_{c2})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>
$<1.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90

 Γ_{22}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG	14	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$

 $\Gamma(\psi(2S)\eta_c(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>
$<3.3 \times 10^{-6}$	90

 Γ_{23}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG	14	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$

 $\Gamma(\psi(2S)X(3940))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>
$<3.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90

 Γ_{24}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG	14	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$

 $\Gamma(\psi(2S)X(4160))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>
$<3.9 \times 10^{-6}$	90

 Γ_{25}/Γ

<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
YANG	14	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \psi(2S)X$

$\Gamma(\overline{2H} \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{26}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-5})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.78$^{+0.30}_{-0.26}$ OUR AVERAGE				Error includes scale factor of 1.2.
$2.64 \pm 0.11^{+0.26}_{-0.21}$		LEES	14G BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \overline{2H} X$
$3.37 \pm 0.50 \pm 0.25$	58	ASNER	07 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \overline{2H} X$

 $\Gamma(gg\bar{g})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{28}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
58.8± 1.2	6M	¹ BESSON	06A CLEO	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

¹ Calculated using the value $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma(gg\bar{g}) = (3.18 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.22 \pm 0.41)\%$ from BESSON 06A and PDG 08 values of $B(\pi^+ \pi^- \gamma(1S)) = (18.1 \pm 0.4)\%$, $B(\pi^0 \pi^0 \gamma(1S)) = (8.6 \pm 0.4)\%$, $B(\mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$, and $R_{\text{hadrons}} = 3.51$. The statistical error is negligible and the systematic error is partially correlated with that of $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ measurement of BESSON 06A.

 $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma(gg\bar{g})$ Γ_{29}/Γ_{28}

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
3.18$\pm 0.04 \pm 0.47$	6M	BESSON	06A CLEO	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow (\gamma +) \text{ hadrons}$

 $\Gamma(\phi K^+ K^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{30}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
1.58$\pm 0.33 \pm 0.18$	58	SHEN	12A BELL	$\gamma(1S) \rightarrow 2(K^+ K^-)$

 $\Gamma(\omega \pi^+ \pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{31}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<2.58	90	SHEN	12A BELL	$\gamma(1S) \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-) \pi^0$

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 K^- \pi^+ + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{32}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
2.32$\pm 0.40 \pm 0.54$	135	SHEN	12A BELL	$\gamma(1S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

 $\Gamma(\phi f'_2(1525))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{33}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<1.33	90	SHEN	12A BELL	$\gamma(1S) \rightarrow 2(K^+ K^-)$

 $\Gamma(\omega f_2(1270))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{34}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.57	90	SHEN	12A BELL	$\gamma(1S) \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-) \pi^0$

 $\Gamma(\rho(770) a_2(1320))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{35}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.88	90	SHEN	12A BELL	$\gamma(1S) \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-) \pi^0$

$\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 \bar{K}_2^*(1430)^0 + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{36}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$1.53 \pm 0.52 \pm 0.19$	32	SHEN	12A BELL	$\gamma(1S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

 $\Gamma(K_1(1270)^{\pm} K^{\mp})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{37}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<3.22	90	SHEN	12A BELL	$\gamma(1S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

 $\Gamma(K_1(1400)^{\pm} K^{\mp})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{38}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.83	90	SHEN	12A BELL	$\gamma(1S) \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$

 $\Gamma(b_1(1235)^{\pm} \pi^{\mp})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{39}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.40	90	SHEN	12A BELL	$\gamma(1S) \rightarrow 2(\pi^+ \pi^-) \pi^0$

 $\Gamma(\rho\pi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{40}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<1.16	90	SHEN	13	BELL $\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{41}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.80	90	SHEN	13	BELL $\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

 $\Gamma(\omega\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{42}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<1.63	90	SHEN	13	BELL $\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$

 $\Gamma(\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{43}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$13.0 \pm 1.9 \pm 2.1$	261 ± 37	SHEN	13 BELL	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \pi^0$

 $\Gamma(K_S^0 K^+ \pi^- + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{44}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
$1.14 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.13$	40 ± 10	SHEN	13	BELL	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^- \pi^+$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<3.2	90	¹ DOBBS	12A	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^- \pi^+$

¹ Obtained by analyzing CLEO III data but not authored by the CLEO Collaboration. $\Gamma(K^*(892)^0 \bar{K}^0 + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{45}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<4.22	90	SHEN	13 BELL	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^- \pi^+$

 $\Gamma(K^*(892)^- K^+ + \text{c.c.})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{46}/Γ

<u>VALUE (units 10^{-6})</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<1.45	90	SHEN	13 BELL	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow K_S^0 K^- \pi^+$

$\Gamma(f_1(1285)\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-3})	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	Γ_{47}/Γ
$2.20 \pm 1.50 \pm 0.63$	2.9k	JIA	17A	BELL $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	

 $\Gamma(f_1(1285)X_{\text{tetra}})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	Γ_{48}/Γ
$<64.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	¹ JIA	17A	BELL $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	

¹ For a tetraquark state X_{tetra} , with mass in the range 1.16–2.46 GeV and width in the range 0–0.3 GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of X_{tetra} mass and width range from 7.8×10^{-6} to 64.7×10^{-6} .

 $\Gamma(\text{Sum of 100 exclusive modes})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-2})	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	Γ_{49}/Γ
0.29 ± 0.03	1, ² DOBBS	12A $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$	

¹ DOBBS 12A presents individual exclusive branching fractions or upper limits for 100 modes of four to ten pions, kaons, or protons.

² Obtained by analyzing CLEO III data but not authored by the CLEO Collaboration.

 $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	Γ_{50}/Γ
0.069 ± 0.004 OUR AVERAGE					
0.0693 $\pm 0.0012 \pm 0.0041$	407k	ARTUSO	05	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	
0.069 $\pm 0.005 \pm 0.009$		EDWARDS	99	CLE2 $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi(1P)$	
0.091 $\pm 0.018 \pm 0.022$		ALBRECHT	85E	ARG $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \text{conv. } X$	
0.065 $\pm 0.007 \pm 0.012$		NERNST	85	CBAL $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	
0.080 $\pm 0.017 \pm 0.016$		HAAS	84	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \text{conv. } X$	
0.059 ± 0.014		KLOPFEN...	83	CUSB $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	

 $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	Γ_{51}/Γ
0.0715 ± 0.0035 OUR AVERAGE					
0.0724 $\pm 0.0011 \pm 0.0040$	410k	ARTUSO	05	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	
0.074 $\pm 0.005 \pm 0.008$		EDWARDS	99	CLE2 $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi(1P)$	
0.098 $\pm 0.021 \pm 0.024$		ALBRECHT	85E	ARG $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \text{conv. } X$	
0.058 $\pm 0.007 \pm 0.010$		NERNST	85	CBAL $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	
0.102 $\pm 0.018 \pm 0.021$		HAAS	84	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \text{conv. } X$	
0.061 ± 0.014		KLOPFEN...	83	CUSB $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	

 $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	Γ_{52}/Γ
0.038 ± 0.004 OUR AVERAGE					
0.0375 $\pm 0.0012 \pm 0.0047$	198k	ARTUSO	05	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	
0.034 $\pm 0.005 \pm 0.006$		EDWARDS	99	CLE2 $\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \chi(1P)$	
0.064 $\pm 0.014 \pm 0.016$		ALBRECHT	85E	ARG $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \text{conv. } X$	
0.036 $\pm 0.008 \pm 0.009$		NERNST	85	CBAL $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	
0.044 $\pm 0.023 \pm 0.009$		HAAS	84	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \text{conv. } X$	
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •		KLOPFEN...	83	CUSB $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	
0.035 ± 0.014					

$\Gamma(\gamma f_0(1710))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{53}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-5})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<59	90	¹ ALBRECHT	89	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

< 5.9	90	² ALBRECHT	89	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^-$
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¹ Re-evaluated assuming $B(f_0(1710) \rightarrow K^+ K^-) = 0.19$.

² Includes unknown branching ratio of $f_0(1710) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$.

 $\Gamma(\gamma f'_2(1525))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{54}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-5})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<53	90	¹ ALBRECHT	89	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$

¹ Re-evaluated assuming $B(f'_2(1525) \rightarrow K\bar{K}) = 0.71$.

 $\Gamma(\gamma f_2(1270))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{55}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-5})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<24.1	90	¹ ALBRECHT	89	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^-$

¹ Using $B(f_2(1270) \rightarrow \pi\pi) = 0.84$.

 $\Gamma(\gamma f_J(2220))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{56}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-5})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
<6.8	90	¹ ALBRECHT	89	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma K^+ K^-$
¹ Includes unknown branching ratio of $f_J(2220) \rightarrow K^+ K^-$.				

 $\Gamma(\gamma \eta_c(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{57}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<2.7 × 10⁻⁵	90	WANG	11B	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

 $\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{c0})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{58}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<1.0 × 10⁻⁴	90	WANG	11B	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

 $\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{c1})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{59}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<3.6 × 10⁻⁶	90	WANG	11B	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

 $\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{c2})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{60}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<1.5 × 10⁻⁵	90	WANG	11B	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

 $\Gamma(\gamma \chi_{c1}(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ Γ_{61}/Γ

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<0.8 × 10⁻⁶	90	WANG	11B	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{c1}(3872) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0 J/\psi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{62}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<2.4 \times 10^{-6}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

$\Gamma(\gamma X(3915) \rightarrow \omega J/\psi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{63}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<2.8 \times 10^{-6}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{c1}(4140) \rightarrow \phi J/\psi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{64}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<1.2 \times 10^{-6}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

$\Gamma(\gamma X(4350) \rightarrow \phi J/\psi)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{65}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<1.3 \times 10^{-6}$	90	WANG	11B	BELL	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

$\Gamma(\gamma\eta_b(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{66}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-4})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
3.9 ± 1.1		$13 \pm 5k$	¹ AUBERT	09AQ BABR	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<21	90	LEES	11J	BABR	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow X\gamma$
< 8.4	90	¹ BONVICINI	10	CLEO	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
< 5.1	90	² ARTUSO	05	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

¹ Assuming $\Gamma_{\eta_b(1S)} = 10$ MeV.

² Superseded by BONVICINI 10.

$\Gamma(\gamma\eta_b(1S) \rightarrow \gamma \text{Sum of 26 exclusive modes})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{67}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
$<3.7 \times 10^{-6}$	90	SANDILYA	13	BELL	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma$ hadrons

$\Gamma(\gamma X_{b\bar{b}} \rightarrow \gamma \text{Sum of 26 exclusive modes})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{68}/Γ
<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-6})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
< 4.9	90	SANDILYA	13	BELL	$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma$ hadrons

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$46.2^{+29.7}_{-14.2} \pm 10.6$	10	¹ DOBBS	12		$\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma$ hadrons
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¹ Obtained by analyzing CLEO III data but not authored by the CLEO Collaboration.

$\Gamma(\gamma X \rightarrow \gamma + \geq 4 \text{ prongs})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$					Γ_{69}/Γ
(1.5 GeV $< m_X <$ 5.0 GeV)					
<u>VALUE</u> (units 10^{-4})	<u>CL%</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>	
<1.95	95	ROSNER	07A	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

$\Gamma(\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \text{hadrons})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$
 $(0.3 \text{ GeV} < m_{A^0} < 7 \text{ GeV})$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	¹ LEES	11H BABR	$\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma \text{ hadrons}$

¹ For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar A^0 , excluding known resonances, with mass in the range 0.3–7 GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of m_{A^0} range from 1×10^{-6} to 8×10^{-5} .

 $\Gamma(\gamma a_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (units 10^{-6})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<8.3	90	¹ AUBERT	09Z BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma a_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \mu^+ \mu^-$

¹ For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar a_1^0 with mass in the range 212–9300 MeV, excluding J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of $m_{a_1^0}$ range from $0.26\text{--}8.3 \times 10^{-6}$.

 Γ_{70}/Γ

VALUE (units 10^{-6})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<3.2	90	LEES	10B BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow e^\pm \tau^\mp$

 $\Gamma(\mu^\pm \tau^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

VALUE (units 10^{-6})	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 3.3	90	LEES	10B BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm \tau^\mp$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
<14.4	95	LOVE	08A CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm \tau^\mp$

 Γ_{72}/Γ
 $\Upsilon(2S)$ Cross-Particle Branching Ratios
 $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-) \times B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(2S) X)$

VALUE (units 10^{-2})	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$1.78 \pm 0.02 \pm 0.11$	906k	LEES	11C BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X$

 $\Upsilon(2S)$ REFERENCES

JIA	17	PR D95 012001	S. Jia <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
JIA	17A	PR D96 112002	S. Jia <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
LEES	14G	PR D89 111102	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
YANG	14	PR D90 112008	S.D. Yang <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
SANDILYA	13	PRL 111 112001	S. Sandilya <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
SHEN	13	PR D88 011102	C.P. Shen <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
TAMPONI	13	PR D87 011104	U. Tamponi <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
DOBBS	12	PRL 109 082001	S. Dobbs <i>et al.</i>	
DOBBS	12A	PR D86 052003	S. Dobbs <i>et al.</i>	
SHEN	12A	PR D86 031102	C.P. Shen <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
LEES	11C	PR D84 011104	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
LEES	11H	PRL 107 221803	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
LEES	11J	PR D84 072002	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
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WANG	11B	PR D84 071107	X.L. Wang <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
BONVICINI	10	PR D81 031104	G. Bonvicini <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)

LEES	10B	PRL 104 151802	J.P. Lees <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AUBERT	09AQ	PRL 103 161801	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
AUBERT	09Z	PRL 103 081803	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
BHARI	09	PR D79 011103	S.R. Bhari <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
AUBERT	08BP	PR D78 112002	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
HE	08A	PRL 101 192001	Q. He <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
LOVE	08A	PRL 101 201601	W. Love <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
PDG	08	PL B667 1	C. Amsler <i>et al.</i>	(PDG Collab.)
ASNER	07	PR D75 012009	D.M. Asner <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BESSON	07	PRL 98 052002	D. Besson <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ROSNER	07A	PR D76 117102	J.L. Rosner <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BESSON	06A	PR D74 012003	D. Besson <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ROSNER	06	PRL 96 092003	J.L. Rosner <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ADAMS	05	PRL 94 012001	G.S. Adams <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ARTUSO	05	PRL 94 032001	M. Artuso <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ARTAMONOV	00	PL B474 427	A.S. Artamonov <i>et al.</i>	
EDWARDS	99	PR D59 032003	K.W. Edwards <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
ALEXANDER	98	PR D58 052004	J.P. Alexander <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
BARU	96	PRPL 267 71	S.E. Baru <i>et al.</i>	(NOVO)
KOBEL	92	ZPHY C53 193	M. Kobel <i>et al.</i>	(Crystal Ball Collab.)
MASCHMANN	90	ZPHY C46 555	W.S. Maschmann <i>et al.</i>	(Crystal Ball Collab.)
ALBRECHT	89	ZPHY C42 349	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
KAARSBERG	89	PRL 62 2077	T.M. Kaarsberg <i>et al.</i>	(CUSB Collab.)
BUCHMUELL...	88	HE e ⁺ e ⁻ Physics 412	W. Buchmuller, S. Cooper Editors: A. Ali and P. Soeding, World Scientific, Singapore	(HANN, DESY, MIT)
JAKUBOWSKI	88	ZPHY C40 49	Z. Jakubowski <i>et al.</i>	(Crystal Ball Collab.)
ALBRECHT	87	ZPHY C35 283	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
COHEN	87	RMP 59 1121	E.R. Cohen, B.N. Taylor	(RISC, NBS)
LURZ	87	ZPHY C36 383	B. Lurz <i>et al.</i>	(Crystal Ball Collab.)
BARU	86B	ZPHY C32 622 (erratum)	S.E. Baru <i>et al.</i>	(NOVO)
ALBRECHT	85	ZPHY C28 45	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(ARGUS Collab.)
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GELPHMAN	85	PR D32 2893	D. Gelphman <i>et al.</i>	(Crystal Ball Collab.)
KURAEV	85	SJNP 41 466	E.A. Kuraev, V.S. Fadin	(NOVO)
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ARTAMONOV	84	PL 137B 272	A.S. Artamonov <i>et al.</i>	(NOVO)
BARBER	84	PL 135B 498	D.P. Barber <i>et al.</i>	(DESY, ARGUS Collab.+)
BESSON	84	PR D30 1433	D. Besson <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
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HAAS	84	PRL 52 799	J. Haas <i>et al.</i>	(CLEO Collab.)
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KLOPFEN...	83	PRL 51 160	C. Klopfenstein <i>et al.</i>	(CUSB Collab.)
ALBRECHT	82	PL 116B 383	H. Albrecht <i>et al.</i>	(DESY, DORT, HEIDH+)
NICZYPORUK	81B	PL 100B 95	B. Niczyporuk <i>et al.</i>	(LENA Collab.)
NICZYPORUK	81C	PL 99B 169	B. Niczyporuk <i>et al.</i>	(LENA Collab.)
BOCK	80	ZPHY C6 125	P. Bock <i>et al.</i>	(HEIDP, MPIM, DESY, HAMB)